DIRTY DUKE'S RATE CASE

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

May 16, 2024



AGENDA

- Introduction
- Background
- Rate Case Overview
- Opportunities to Get Involved
- **Q** & A

Note: These slides will be posted to CAC's website after tonight's webinar

INTRODUCTIONS

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CITIZENS ACTION COALITION

- CAC is Indiana's oldest and largest consumer and environmental advocacy organization.
- Since our inception in 1974, we've helped to save Hoosiers billions in excess utility charges.
- CAC advocates on behalf of Hoosiers on issues regarding energy policy, utility reform, health care, pollution prevention, and family farms.

Grassroots organizing



Legislative advocacy



Regulatory advocacy



BACKGROUND

DUKE IN INDIANA

Duke is the most sophisticated and influential utility in Indiana

- Has been successful in getting special laws passed and favorable regulatory decisions – but has lost in the courts in several coal ash cases
- "Cash cow" for its North Carolina parent company and Singapore sovereign wealth fund (19.9% ownership)

Duke is the biggest laggard in Indiana in the energy transition

- Coal dependent; huge CO2 emissions
- Massive coal ash costs and grid-related spending has been further undermining affordability

CAC has been helping mobilize Hoosiers to fight back

- Lead campaigns opposing boondoggles like Edwardsport
- Demand clean closure of polluting coal ash and transition to clean energy and energy efficiency
- Legislative and regulatory advocacy on affordability
- Organize Hoosiers and coordinate with state and national organizations

DUKE'S EDWARDSPORT BOONDOGGLE

Integrated Gasification Combined Cycle Plant

- 2013 commercial operation
- Operates by either burning natural gas or synthetic gas, which is made by gasifying coal
- Expensive, unreliable operations
- Led to major ethics / corruption scandal at IURC and Duke
- CAC helped secure key victories forcing Duke shareholders to pay some of costs

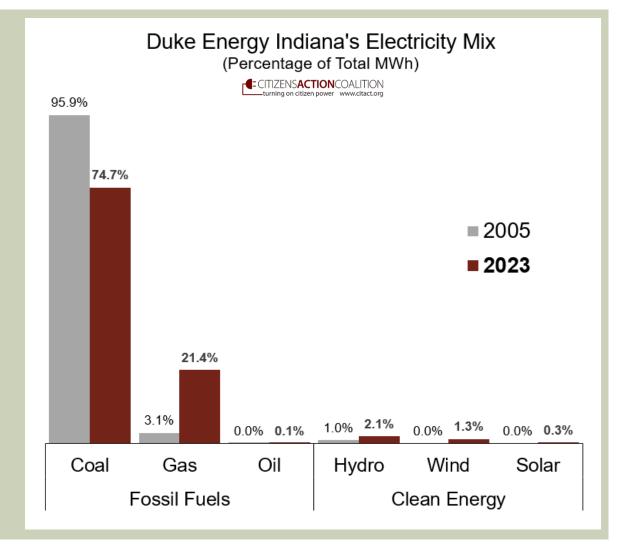


Source: https://www.duke-energy.com/our-company/about-us/power-plants/edwardsport

DUKE'S ELECTRICITY MIX

Fossil Fuels

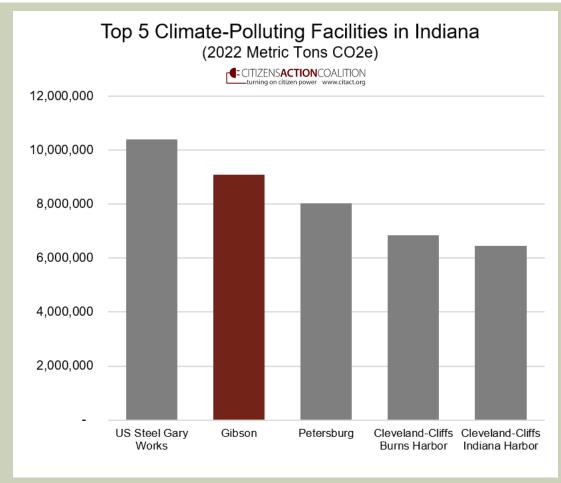
- 75% coal
- 21% natural gas
- Renewable and Distributed Energy
 - Very little investment in clean energy
 - Duke helped kill the popular solar net metering policy in 2022 and replaced it with a much lower rate



Source: Duke Energy Indiana, 2024 IRP Meeting #2 Slides, p. 144.

DUKE'S CLIMATE POLLUTION

- Duke's coal plants
 - Gibson
 - Cayuga
 - Edwardsport IGCC
- Gibson is the secondlargest GHG emitting facility in Indiana
- Side note: 3 steel mills are among the top 5 polluters!
 - CAC's campaign on industrial decarbonization includes sustainable steel focus



Source: US EPA, Greenhouse Gas Reporting Program (GHGRP), State and Tribal Factsheet

RATE CASE OVERVIEW

RATE CASE BASICS

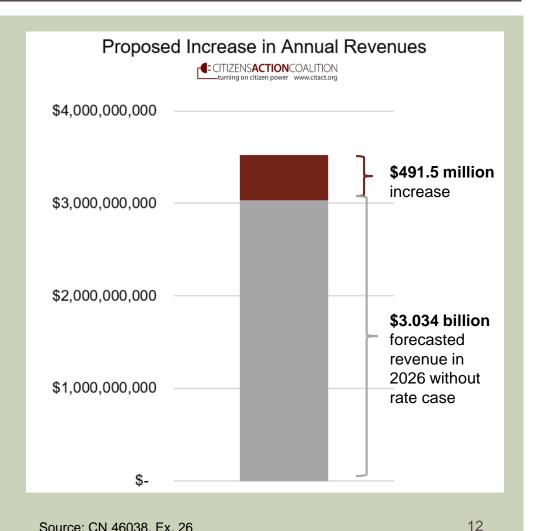
- The Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission (IURC) oversees utilities, including Duke Energy Indiana
 - Duke must get IURC approval to change its rates because it is a regulated monopoly under state law
- Duke proposed a \$42/month bill increase in its April 2024 rate case filing (IURC Cause No. 46038)
- 2-Step Rate Increase:
 - (1) March 2025
 - (2) January 2026
- This presentation summarizes key proposals by Duke. A final IURC decision is not expected until early 2025.



Aerial photo showing two coal ash landfills at the Cayuga power plant. Source: CN 46038, Attachment 19-B (TSH)

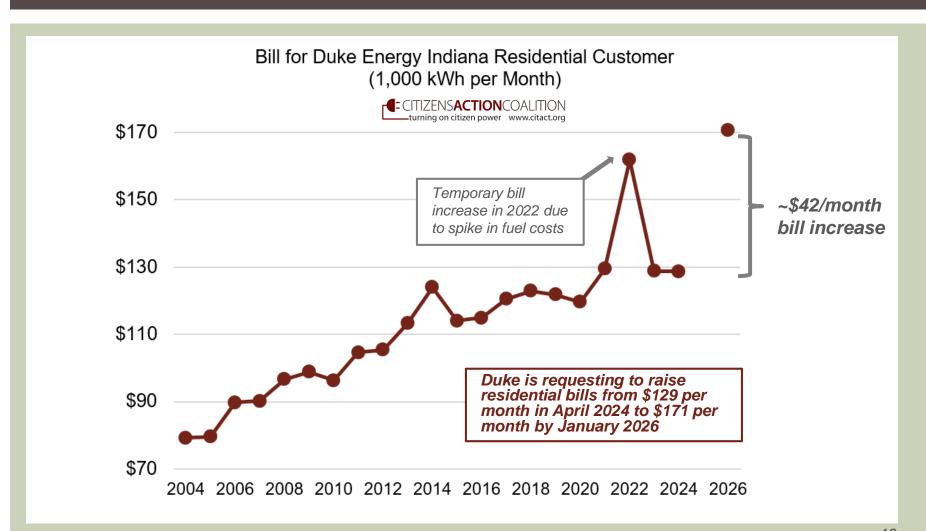
REVENUE REQUIREMENT

- Total amount that Duke's rates are designed to collect from ratepayers each year:
 - \$491.5 million increase (16.20%) in annual revenue requirement by early 2026
 - Proposal would allow Duke to charge Hoosiers \$3.5 billion total per year



Source: CN 46038, Ex. 26

RESIDENTIAL BILL INCREASE



RESIDENTIAL RATES

- Monthly fixed charge increase (+30%)
- Declining block rates increase (+33%)
 - The first 300 kWh you use each month has a higher price per kWh than the next
 700 kWh you use, which has a higher price per kWh than usage above that
- Continued use of various rate trackers (not shown here)

turning on citizen power www.citact.org Description	Current Base Rates (April 2024)	Proposed Base Rates (January 2026)	Change	
Customer Facilities Charge (per month)	\$10.54	\$13.70	+30%	
Energy Charges				
First 300 kWh	14.9 cents / kWh	19.8 cents / kWh	+33%	
Next 700 kWh	10.8 cents / kWh	14.4 cents / kWh	+33%	
Over 1,000 kWh	9.8 cents / kWh	13.0 cents / kWh	+33%	

NEW OPTIONAL RESIDENTIAL TIME-VARYING RATE

- Same fixed charge proposal as standard residential rates (\$13.70 per month)
- Energy charge (\$ per kWh) would vary by the time of day, and by the season of the year (Winter, Summer), when the energy is consumed
 - Highest charges (22.8 cents per kWh) are 5-9pm (all year) and 6-8am (Winter only)
 - Lowest charges (9.12 cents per kWh) are midnight through 4am (all year)



DUKE'S BAD BETS ON COAL



Cayuga Generating Station

Units: 2

Began operating: 1970-1972

Size: 995 MW

Generation (2023): 4.3 million MWh



Edwardsport Generating Station

Units: 1

Began operating: 2013

Size: 555 MW

Generation (2023): 3.3 million MWh



Gibson Generating Station

Units: 5

Began operating: 1976-1982

Size: 3,132 MW

Generation (2023): 8.0 million MWh

Coal investments that Duke still wants to recover from ratepayers (Net Book Value):

Cayuga: \$0.5 billion

Edwardsport: \$1.8 billion

Gibson: \$1.7 billion

MORE COAL \rightarrow HIGHER BILLS

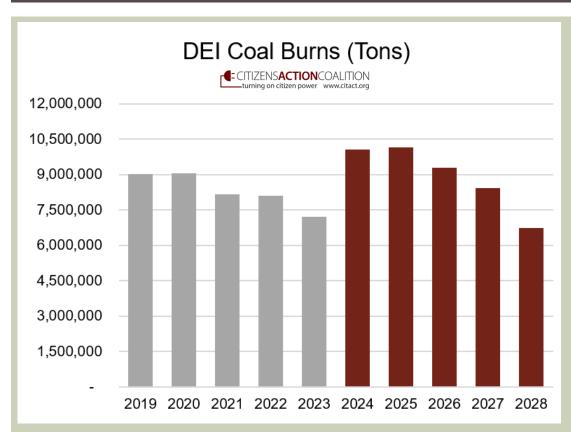


Figure: After years of steady decline, Duke is now planning to increase coal-fired generation by roughly 40% in 2024!

- Duke plans to burn <u>a lot</u> more coal in 2024-2025
 - Duke entered into bad long-term coal supply contracts in 2021-2022
- Duke wants to earn an <u>extra profit</u> when its coal piles get too big
 - Duke earns a profit on 45 days of coal inventory
 - Requesting permission to raise bills when it buys too much coal, so it can earn a profit on coal piles that are more than 45 days
- Duke is proposing to <u>delay</u> coal plant retirements
 - Gibson Units 3&4: 2029 → 2031
 - Gibson Unit 5: 2026 → 2030
 - Cayuga Unit 2: 2028 → 2029

COAL ASH: YOU PAY FOR DUKE'S MESS



Photo: Dan River coal ash spill in North Carolina. Credit. US EPA.

- Massive coal ash costs added to rates
 - \$223.5 million in coal ash cleanup costs included in depreciation rates
 - Including \$92 million in costs previously disallowed by Indiana Court of Appeals
 - \$327 million in other coal ash costs cleanup costs were recently approved in separate IURC case
 - Millions more in closure costs previously approved
 - Even more coal ash costs expected in the future!



CARBON CAPTURE & SEQUESTRATION (CCS) STUDY AT EDWARDSPORT



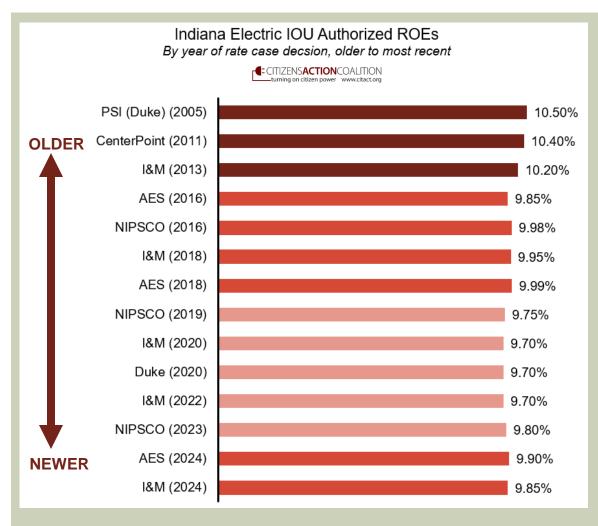
Photo: John Blair; from "THE EDWARDSPORT IGCC PLANT: A monument to cost overruns, concealment, mismanagement and malfeasance"

CCS FEED Study

- Post-combustion capture of up to 3.6 million tons per year of CO₂
- Injection onsite into Potosi Dolomite
- \$8.9 million in study costs would be recovered from ratepayers in a future case
- CCS would be extremely expensive, risky, energyintensive and environmentally unsound – ratepayers should not have to pay for this pointless study!



RETURN ON EQUITY (ROE)



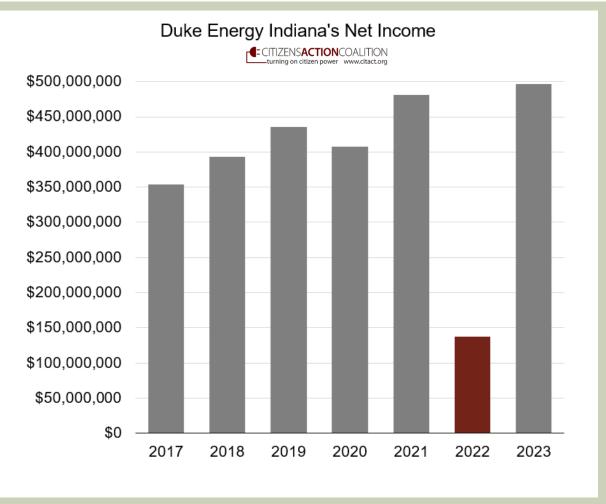
- Duke is proposing to increase its profit margin for its investors, or ROE, from 9.7% to 10.5%—the most expensive of any investorowned electric utility in Indiana.
- Seemingly small ROE changes have a very big impact on your rates:

ROE	Annual Revenue Increase Needed
9.0%	\$382.9 million
9.7% (current)	\$433.0 million
10.5% (proposed)	\$491.5 million

DUKE ENERGY INDIANA'S PROFIT

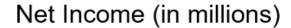
Net Income (Profit)

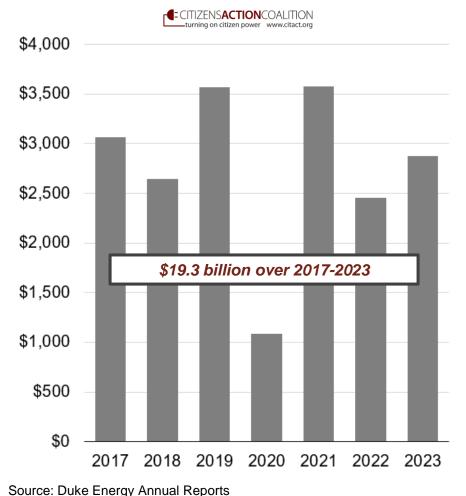
- Fell to \$137 million in 2022
 - Big factor: coal ash costs that Indiana courts ruled could not be collected from ratepayers
- Rebounded to \$497 million in 2023
- 2017-2023: \$2.7 billion



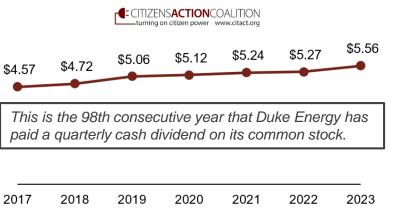
Source: Duke Energy Annual Reports

DUKE ENERGY CORPORATION'S PROFIT

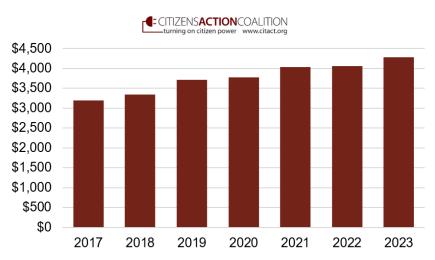




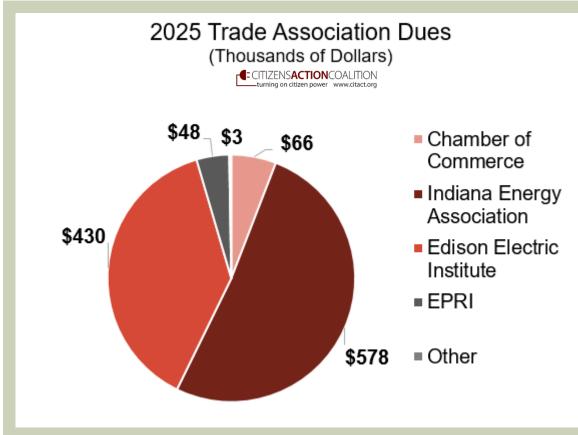
Earnings per Share (Adjusted)



Earnings (Adjusted, in millions)



LOBBYING AND TRADE ASSOCIATIONS



Source: Duke Energy Indiana, MSFRs Part 2, 1-5-8(a)(23) Att. 1

- Duke's policy advocacy is often paid for by ratepayers—even when the policies it advocates for are bad for ratepayers (and good for shareholders)
 - Duke only excludes from rates a small portion of its total costs related to activities aimed at influencing policymakers that meet a narrow legal definition of "lobbying."
 - \$1.1 million per year in trade association dues is an example of ratepayers being forced to fund Duke's policy advocacy.
 - Many other influence activities litigation costs, lawyers and experts in regulatory cases, regulatory and legislative "education," public relations, etc. – are also included in your rates!

OTHER CONCERNS

Families are being forced to subsidize wealthy industrial customers

- Families forced to pay for coal ash clean up costs associated with coal ash that was created to power large industrial customers, not residential homes.
- Families forced to pay for unfairly large portion of Duke's investments in power plants, subsidizing industrial customer rates

Duke is charging you millions for this rate case!

- \$2.5 million total, including:
 - \$1.2 million for lawyers to argue for higher rates
 - \$75,000 for Duke's outside expert arguing for a higher ROE
 - \$150,000 for "Witness Training Consultants"

Duke wants to make you pay for phantom "Lost Revenues"

 \$16.3 million in lost revenues Duke estimates it will incur from ratepayers saving money by switching to optional time-of-use rates

Duke wants you to chip in to pay for its private aircraft

\$1.9 million per year in private aircraft costs

DUKE'S EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION



Lynn Good (President and CEO)

- \$20.6 million in total 2023 compensation
- Owns \$48.6 million in Duke stock

Brian Savory (CFO)

- \$3.5 million in total 2023 compensation
- Owns \$2.6 million in Duke stock

Steven Young (CCO)

- \$3.7 million in total 2023 compensation
- Owns \$13.0 million in Duke stock

Julia Janson (CEO, DE Carolinas)

- \$4.4 million in total 2023 compensation
- Owns \$5.8 million in Duke stock

Kodwo Ghartey-Tagoe (CLO)

- \$3.8 million in total 2023 compensation
- Owns \$2.7 million in Duke stock

Dhiaa Jamil (COO)

- \$4.3 million in total 2023 compensation
- Owns \$5.5 million in Duke stock

PROGRAMS TO BENEFIT CUSTOMERS

Program type	Duke offering?	
Affordability / Protections for Low Income Households		
Discounted rate	No	
Year-round shutoff protection	No	
Reduced security deposit	Yes	
Access to Clean Energy Solutions		
Community solar	No	
Solar net metering	No	
Battery incentive	No	
EV home charging rate	No	
Green tariff	Proposed	
Energy efficiency incentives	Yes	

HOW YOU CAN TAKE ACTION

RATE CASE: GET INVOLVED!

- Attend the public field hearings
 - June / July? Timing TBD.
- Submit written comments
 - Due July 5 to Office of Utility Consumer Counselor
- Spread the word in your community
- Visit CAC's webpage to learn more
 - One click to submit written comments
 - Sign up for emails and texts
 - More rate case information and updates:
 - https://www.citact.org/duke-rate-hike-2024



PUBLIC FIELD HEARINGS



PUBLIC HEARINGS - WHAT TO SAY

- This is your opportunity to tell the Commission what you think about Duke's rate increase proposal
 - Share your story. It is important for Commissioners to hear how this rate increase impacts people like you and your communities and why Duke should not get a coal bailout!
 - You can read written comments aloud. Consider writing down your comments in advance and reading them aloud so you don't forget anything important and you stick to your key points.
 - Be polite, concise, and stick to your key points. We want to convince regulators to our point of view not make them defensive.



RATE CASE TIMELINE

Date	Description
April 4, 2024	Duke filing
June 2024 (dates TBD)	Public field hearings – <u>your opportunity to</u> <u>speak directly to the IURC!</u>
July 5, 2024	Public written comments due to OUCC
July 11, 2024	CAC and other intervenors file testimony
August 8, 2024	Responding testimony by Duke, CAC & other intervenors
August 29-September 26, 2024	Evidentiary hearing—similar to a trial, where expert witnesses are cross-examined by lawyers and evidence is submitted into the official record
October 2024	Legal briefs and proposed orders
February 2025	IURC Order
March 2025	Step 1 rate increase takes effect
January 2026	Step 2 rate increase takes effect

Q&A

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

- Please use the Zoom Q&A feature at the bottom of your screen to type your question.
- For more information, scan the QR code to visit CAC's webpage on this case: citact.org/duke-rate-hike-2024
 - Find out about upcoming public field hearing dates and times when they are announced by the IURC
 - Download a copy of this presentation and find additional resources
 - Submit official written comments easily and quickly through "one click" action
 - Sign up for emails and texts to stay in the loop on this and other important cases

